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## Weekly federal regulatory summary | Oct. 23, 2023 highlights

The FCC adopted six items at the Oct. 19, 2023 [open meeting](#), including an [NPRM](#) to reclassify broadband internet access service under Title II, an [NPRM](#) on the use of high-cost program funding to continue supporting fixed and mobile services in Alaska and a report and order making administrative changes to streamline high-cost program rules.

Comments are due Oct. 23, 2023, on the Enhanced A-CAM [notice of inquiry](#). Replies are due Nov. 21, 2023. [notice](#)

NTIA [launched](#) a dashboard allowing the public to track how BEAD Program eligible entities are progressing through the major milestones necessary to submit their initial proposal by the Dec. 27, 2023 due date.

Reps. Cathy McMorris Rodgers (R-Wash.) and Bob Latta (R-Ohio) [expressed](#) concern to NTIA about certain BEAD Program state plans.

President Biden [intends](#) to ask Congress for supplemental funding for affordable broadband.

Sen. Jacky Rosen (D-Nev.) and 31 other senators [asked](#) congressional leaders to extend funding for the Affordable Connectivity Program.

The FCC [committed](#) \$53.4 million in additional Emergency Connectivity Fund support.

Comments on [petitions for reconsideration](#) of the 2020 [RIF remand order are due](#) Dec. 14, 2023; replies are due Jan. 17, 2024.

OTZ Telephone Cooperative [seeks](#) waiver of network performance testing and reporting rules.

The FCC [released](#) 20 [orders](#) to begin removing noncompliant voice service providers from the robocall mitigation database.

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## Other key upcoming dates

**Nov. 2** – Reply comments are due on [previously granted](#) STIR/SHAKEN implementation extensions. [public notice](#)

**Dec. 14** – Comments are due on the [NPRM](#) to reclassify broadband internet access service under Title II. Replies are due Jan. 17, 2024.

## High Cost USF reform

- Comments are due Oct. 23, 2023, on the Enhanced A-CAM [notice of inquiry](#). Replies are due Nov. 21, 2023. [notice](#)
- OTZ Telephone Cooperative filed a [petition](#) on Oct. 17, 2023, seeking a limited and temporary waiver of FCC network performance testing and reporting rules (Section 54.313(a)(6)). OTZ said because of vendor software issues and limited testing sites, and the unexpected loss of the Quintillion fiber link in rural Alaska, it requests a waiver of its testing reporting requirements for the first two quarters of 2023.
- Pacific Dataport sent a [letter](#) to Chairwoman Rosenworcel and the FCC commissioners on Oct. 17, 2023, expressing support for the draft [NPRM](#) on the use of high-cost program funding to continue supporting fixed and mobile services in Alaska. Pacific Dataport encouraged the commissioners to approve the NPRM.
- RiverStreet Communications of Virginia and North Carolina filed a [redacted letter](#) on Oct. 16, 2023, responding to an FCC request for information on how it plans to meet CAF Phase II and Rural Digital Opportunity Fund deployment obligations in Virginia and North Carolina, including detailed timelines and all known potential delays.
- Comments are due Oct. 23, 2023, on the [FNPRM](#) on the implementation of the 5G Fund for Rural America in light of new and precise mobile coverage data gathered through the Broadband Data Collection. Replies are due Nov. 21, 2023. [notice](#)

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## Broadband

- NTIA [launched](#) a dashboard on Oct. 18, 2023, allowing the public to track how BEAD Program eligible entities are progressing through the major milestones necessary to submit their initial proposal by the Dec. 27, 2023 due date. The dashboard will be updated on a weekly basis.
- Reps. Cathy McMorris Rodgers (R-Wash.) and Bob Latta (R-Ohio) sent a [letter](#) to Alan Davidson, NTIA assistant secretary of commerce for communications and information, on Oct. 3, 2023, expressing concern about state plans that propose to use BEAD Program funds in ways that will not provide universal connectivity or are contrary to law. They asserted some states are seeking to exclude certain technologies from use in the program or in their definition of a served location. They also expressed concerns by efforts of some states to regulate the cost of broadband plans, and asserted the IJA explicitly prohibits NTIA from engaging in rate regulation. They asked NTIA to affirm in writing its commitment it will not approve a state plan that does not achieve universal connectivity using its BEAD allocation or sets rates for broadband plans.
- Shalanda D. Young, director of the Office of Management and Budget, sent a [letter](#) to Rep. Patrick McHenry (R-N.C.), speaker pro tempore, on Oct. 20, 2023, stating, among other things, President Biden intends to ask Congress for supplemental funds to “avoid the risk that millions of Americans lose access to affordable high-speed internet.”

- Sen. Jacky Rosen (D-Nev.) and 31 other senators sent a [letter](#) to congressional leaders on Oct. 19, 2023, asking them to extend funding for the Affordable Connectivity Program. Rosen said program funding is set to run out in a few months, well ahead of the anticipated date included in the infrastructure act. [press release](#)
- Comments are due on Oct. 23, 2023, on NTIA adding 11 questions on equipment purchases to the Enabling Middle Mile Broadband Infrastructure Program bi-annual performance reports. [notice](#)
- The FCC issued a [news release](#) on Oct. 18, 2023, announcing it committed \$53.4 million in additional Emergency Connectivity Fund support, bringing total program commitments to approximately \$7.08 billion.
- The FCC issued a [public notice](#) on Oct. 16, 2023, on an extension of the term of the Native Nations Communications Task Force. The current term, which was set to expire on Oct. 24, 2023, will now expire on Dec. 31, 2023. The FCC said this extension will provide additional time to complete its task. The FCC also seeks applications for membership to serve on a renewed task force to start at the beginning of 2024. Incumbent task force members may recommit rather than submit a new nomination. The FCC intends to establish the renewed task force term for a period of three years, with an expected start date of Jan. 1, 2024. Applications are due Nov. 30, 2023.
- Google Fiber [spoke with](#) Commissioner Starks' chief of staff on Oct. 12, 2023, regarding Google Fiber's early launch of its broadband nutrition label. Google Fiber discussed its experience gathering the information for its label, including where it encountered challenges and how it addressed those issues.
- NCTA, Comcast, et al. [spoke with](#) Commissioner Starks' chief of staff on Oct. 11, 2023, regarding preventing and eliminating digital discrimination. They asserted that to be consistent with the plain language of Section 60506 and the intent of Congress, the FCC's digital discrimination rules should focus on broadband deployment and not regulate rates. They claimed regulating broadband pricing would be inconsistent with the statute and court precedent. They also said Section 60506 supports the adoption of a disparate treatment standard for assessing claims of digital discrimination. They recommended procedural rules and processes to govern digital discrimination complaints.
- CTIA filed a [letter](#) on Oct. 13, 2023, regarding preventing digital discrimination. CTIA said this proceeding should set policies conducive to broadband deployment, including wireless investment. CTIA also asserted the FCC should not interfere with ongoing deployment efforts by imposing burdensome, conflicting legal rules on broadband providers, including wireless providers.
- ACA Connects, NTCA, et al. filed a [letter](#) on Oct. 18, 2023, to respond to NTIA's [ex parte comments](#) on preventing digital discrimination. They said some of NTIA's proposals, such as price regulation and a broad disparate impact framework, would second-guess legitimate business decision-making and would be unlawful and counterproductive to the FCC's broadband goals.
- AT&T [spoke separately with](#) advisors to Chairwoman Rosenworcel and Commissioners Carr and Starks and Digital Discrimination Task Force staff on Oct. 16 and 17, 2023, regarding preventing digital discrimination. AT&T said to the extent the FCC decides to pursue a disparate impact path, it should contemplate ways the process can allow room for solutions-based, collaborative engagement that includes the opportunity for all

stakeholders to come together to help ensure minority and low-income communities have equal access to broadband, consistent with NUL's proposal in this docket.

- The American Consumer Institute filed a [letter](#) on Oct. 13, 2023, responding to NTIA's [comments](#) supporting a disparate impact definition of digital discrimination. ACI asserted a disparate impact standard raises the following concerns: it is not apparent Congress intended to implement a disparate impact standard when approving Section 60506; the issue of falsely classifying ordinary and even necessary behavior as potentially discriminatory is perhaps inherent to a disparate standard; and the definition of discrimination that focuses on racial disparity obfuscates other underlying issues that better explain differences in broadband connectivity.
- Verizon [spoke with](#) advisors to Chairwoman Rosenworcel and Commissioners Carr, Simington and Starks and Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau and Wireline Competition Bureau staff on Oct. 12, 2023, regarding preventing digital discrimination and closing the digital divide. Verizon said the FCC should not interpret Section 60506 to authorize rules that establish a disparate-impact standard. Verizon asserted, however, if the FCC adopts disparate-impact rules, it must include critical and well-accepted safeguards, including a burden-shifting framework.
- NCTA, et al. [spoke separately with](#) Chairwoman Rosenworcel's and Commissioner Carr's legal advisors on Oct. 16, 2023, regarding preventing and eliminating digital discrimination. They asserted that to be consistent with the plain language of Section 60506 and the intent of Congress, the FCC's digital discrimination rules should focus on broadband deployment and should not regulate rates. They claimed regulating broadband pricing would be inconsistent with the statute and court precedent. They also said Section 60506 supports the adoption of a disparate treatment standard for assessing claims of digital discrimination. They recommended procedural rules and processes to govern digital discrimination complaints.
- Free State Foundation filed [ex parte comments](#) on Oct. 20, 2023, on the [NPRM](#) on preventing digital discrimination. FSF said, as it explained in its [comments](#) and [reply comments](#), when broadband providers make deployment decisions based on economic feasibility reasons, the infrastructure act forbids the FCC from treating those decisions as wrongful. FSF also asserted Section 60506's requirement that the FCC's rules account for issues of technical and economic feasibility should preclude any reading of the statute or agency rules that would impose liability on broadband providers simply because deployment to a given area may be deemed possible or because providers may be deemed capable of providing service in a given area. Additionally, FSF listed infeasibility circumstances it says should provide a safe harbor from intentional and unintentional discrimination claims.

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## Open internet

- Fact sheets on open internet were issued by [Chairwoman Rosenworcel](#) and [Commissioner Carr](#) on Oct. 18, 2023. Rosenworcel said her approach would bolster FCC authority to require internet service providers to address internet outages, and restoring the FCC's oversight authority over broadband networks would not delay new broadband investments and innovation. Carr asserted since the 2017 [decision](#) to return the internet to the same

bipartisan regulatory framework under which it thrived for decades, broadband speeds in the U.S. have increased, prices are down, competition has intensified, and record-breaking new broadband builds have brought millions of Americans across the digital divide.

- The Wireline Competition Bureau issued a [public notice](#) on Oct. 19, 2023, seeking comment on [petitions for reconsideration](#) of the 2020 [RIF remand order](#). The bureau seeks comments on the issues raised in the petitions and on how the issues under consideration in [WC Docket No. 23-320](#) bear on this proceeding. Comments are due Dec. 14, 2023; replies are due Jan. 17, 2024.
- Public Knowledge, et al. [spoke with](#) Chairwoman Rosenworcel and her advisors on Oct. 12, 2023, regarding the draft [NPRM](#) to reclassify broadband internet access service under Title II. They asserted Title II reclassification of broadband is not only essential to promoting and protecting an open internet, but to ensuring public safety, broadband competition, network reliability and privacy. Additionally, they said federal open internet rules should be a national baseline, and states will continue to have a valuable role to play in protecting and preserving an open internet and protecting broadband subscribers through consumer protection law.
- The U.S. Chamber of Commerce sent [a letter](#) to Chairwoman Rosenworcel on Oct. 19, 2023, regarding the draft [NPRM](#) to reclassify broadband under Title II. It asserted recent court decisions indicate the FCC's proposed Title II reclassification of broadband would exceed its statutory and constitutional authority and reclassification would grant the FCC significantly expanded authority to pursue policy objectives related to broadband internet.
- Daniel J. Weitzner of the MIT Internet Policy Initiative [spoke with](#) Commissioner Gomez on Oct. 15, 2023, regarding the draft [NPRM](#) to reclassify broadband internet access service under Title II. He discussed the scope of the NPRM as being limited to internet access transmission services and said the vast majority of what people understand the internet to be would not be covered by rules issued in this docket.

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## Robocalls

- The FCC [announced](#) on Oct. 16, 2023, the release of 20 Enforcement Bureau [orders](#) to begin removing noncompliant voice service providers from the robocall mitigation database. The FCC said companies providing voice services must take mitigation steps, including implementing STIR/SHAKEN requirements throughout their IP networks, and if they fail to demonstrate they have met these requirements, they can be removed from the database and notably, other providers will no longer take their traffic. The orders demanded the companies show cause within 14 days as to why the FCC should not remove them from the database for deficient filings.
- The Enforcement Bureau issued an [order](#) on Oct. 16, 2023, announcing it entered into a compliance plan with Global UC to resolve Global's deficient mitigation database certification and [removal](#) from the database for noncompliance. The bureau said Global responded to the removal order and determined Global cured the deficiencies in its certification described in the removal order. The bureau also required Global to implement a compliance plan.

- The Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation's Subcommittee on Communications, Media, and Broadband [will hold](#) a hearing on Oct. 24, 2023, on robocalls. Witnesses include representatives from the National Consumer Law Center, U.S. Chamber of Commerce, USTelecom, and YouMail.
- The Wireline Competition Bureau issued an [erratum](#) on Oct. 19, 2023, to the [second report and order and second FNPRM](#) strengthening the FCC's direct access to phone numbering rules to address illegal robocalls, protecting numbering resources from abuse by foreign bad actors and seeking comment on the duties of existing direct access authorization holders. The erratum made several changes to text in the FNPRM and ordering clauses.
- Comments were filed on Oct. 18, 2023, on [previously granted](#) STIR/SHAKEN implementation extensions. [NCTA](#) urged the FCC to eliminate the extension for voice service providers that cannot obtain a service provider code. The [Satellite Industry Association](#) asserted the various factors contributing to the previous decision to grant the indefinite extension for small voice service providers that originate calls via satellite using North American Numbering Plan numbers remain unchanged since March 2023. SIA said given the unchanged nature of these factors, the FCC should continue the indefinite extension for satellite VSPs. Replies are due Nov. 2, 2023. [public notice](#)
- Numeracle [spoke with](#) Commissioner Starks' legal advisor and Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau and Wireline Competition Bureau staff on Oct. 12, 2023, regarding call authentication. Numeracle discussed its previously filed [comments](#) and [reply comments](#), asserted current implementations of branded calling are insecure and branded calling is a risky proposition for companies and government agencies dealing with financial transactions. Numeracle also supported CTIA's [proposal](#) to develop a rich call data based trust framework for secure branded calling, and urged the FCC to finish the IP transition and eliminate exceptions and extensions for STIR/SHAKEN compliance.

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## Other universal services

- Sens. Ted Cruz (R-Texas), Ted Budd (R-N.C.) and Shelley Moore Capito (R-W.Va.) [introduced](#) a [bill](#) on Oct. 18, 2023, to limit children's access to social media at school by requiring schools receiving federal broadband funding to prohibit access on subsidized services, devices, and networks. The Eyes on the Board Act would: prohibit schools or school districts from receiving E-Rate or Emergency Connectivity Fund subsidies unless they prohibit access to social media on subsidized services, devices, and networks; require schools receiving E-Rate subsidies to adopt a screen time policy as a condition of receiving federal funding; and require the FCC to create a database of schools' internet safety policies.
- The State E-rate Coordinator's Alliance [spoke with](#) Wireline Competition Bureau staff on Oct. 16, 2023, regarding E-Rate. SECA discussed its [comments](#) on the [FNPRM](#) on rule changes and clarifications to further streamline and improve the application process for all E-Rate applicants, including tribal and other small, rural entities. SECA asserted the purchase of internet from two different vendors should be allowed and not construed as prohibited duplicative service. It also recommended the establishment of the same bidding and other rules for all applicants and discussed its [petition for reconsideration](#) of the July 2023 [report and order](#).

- The American Library Association [spoke with](#) Commissioner Starks' chief of staff on Oct. 12, 2023, regarding E-rate. ALA expressed support for the [Learn Without Limits](#) initiative, including the Wi-Fi on school buses and hotspot lending proposal. ALA said it agreed with Chairwoman Rosenworcel the FCC has legal authority to move forward with including both Wi-Fi on school buses and hotspot lending in schools and libraries within the E-rate Program.
- EdLiNC, et al. [spoke with](#) Commissioner Gomez and her advisors on Oct. 12, 2023, regarding E-rate. They expressed support for including Wi-Fi on school buses in the E-rate Program and noted past precedent for extending E-rate connectivity beyond the classroom. They also expressed support for the Emergency Connectivity Fund and the FCC's proposed \$200 million cybersecurity pilot for schools and libraries.
- T-Mobile [spoke with](#) advisors to Chairwoman Rosenworcel and Commissioners Starks and Gomez, and Wireline Competition Bureau staff on Oct. 11, 2023, regarding its support for the FCC's initiative to clarify Wi-Fi connectivity on school buses should be eligible for E-rate. T-Mobile said for students in both rural and urban areas, this connectivity can play a critical role in their daily education experience.
- Reply comments are due Oct. 23, 2023, on the [FNPRM](#) seeking comment on rule changes and clarifications to further streamline and improve the application process for all E-Rate applicants, including tribal and other small, rural entities. [notice](#)
- The New England Telehealth Consortium and HealthConnect Networks [spoke with](#) Chairwoman Rosenworcel's legal advisor and Wireline Competition Bureau staff on Oct. 12, 2023, regarding proposed rural health care rules. NETC discussed its [reply comments](#) on the [FNPRM](#). NETC also discussed the efficiency benefits to rural health care providers of regional networks designed to include nonrural HCP participation. NETC asserted it is a 76% rural network, and, as a result, 76% of NETC's shared network costs should be considered rural for purposes of any future prioritization of RHC funding.
- No comments were filed on BroadLife Communications' [petition](#) seeking to relinquish its eligible telecommunications carrier designation in Alabama. Replies are due Oct. 24, 2023. [public notice](#)

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## Miscellaneous

- The FCC adopted the following items at the Oct. 19, 2023 [open meeting](#): an [NPRM](#) to reestablish the FCC's authority over broadband internet access service by classifying it as a telecommunications service under Title II of the Communications Act; an [NPRM](#) on the use of high-cost program funding to continue supporting fixed and mobile services in Alaska, and a report and order making administrative changes to streamline high-cost program rules; a [declaratory ruling](#) to clarify the use of Wi-Fi on school buses is an educational purpose and the provision of such service is eligible for E-Rate funding; and an [NOI](#) on its proposed plan to improve and enhance maternal health data in the Mapping Broadband Health in America platform. The FCC also adopted: a [second report and order](#) to expand unlicensed use of the 6 GHz band by permitting very low power devices to operate in two sub-bands, a second FNPRM to propose to expand very low power device operations to the remainder of the band, and an order to address a remand from a court challenge of a

previous decision; and a [report and order](#) to improve wireless emergency alerts by making WEA messages available in additional languages, including American Sign Language, supporting maps showing the location of an emergency, and making it easier to conduct public-facing WEA performance and public awareness tests.

- The FCC issued a [media advisory](#) on Oct. 17, 2023, on the Oct. 19, 2023 [open meeting](#). The FCC announced the meeting is open to the press and public and will be [livestreamed](#). The FCC also highlighted some of the agenda items, including an [NPRM](#) to reclassify broadband under Title II and a [declaratory ruling](#) on the use E-rate Program funding for Wi-Fi on school buses.
- The FCC [deleted](#) the following item from its Oct. 19, 2023 open meeting: a [second report and order](#) to enhance support for individuals who are blind or visually impaired by expanding audio description requirements to additional market areas. The item has been adopted and released.
- The Wireline Competition Bureau issued a [public notice](#) on Oct. 18, 2023, announcing it updated [frequently asked questions](#) for the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Reimbursement Program.
- Midcontinent Communications [spoke with](#) Commissioner Gomez's acting legal advisors on Oct. 16, 2023, regarding its [petition for declaratory ruling](#) on interconnection, [reply comments](#) and ex partes. Midco asserted permitting state regulators to deny competitors access to rural markets to provide federally-regulated services creates a risk that competitive providers may be unable to obtain funding under the BEAD Program. Midco also said arguments that it should be required to seek authority to provide competitive local exchange services are not consistent with the doctrine of exhaustion.
- No comments were filed on a request for authority to assign substantially all assets held by United Telephone Association in the South Englewood telephone exchange from United to Panhandle Telephone Cooperative. Replies are due Oct. 24, 2023. [public notice](#)
- No comments were filed on an application by Dialoga Group for authorization to obtain North American Numbering Plan telephone numbers directly from the numbering administrator for its VoIP service. [public notice](#)
- An FCC [notice](#) was published in the Federal Register on Oct. 20, 2023, seeking Paperwork Reduction Act comments on a new information collection on robotexts. The new information collection comes from the obligation adopted in the March 2023 [report and order](#) that all mobile wireless providers must block calls using a reasonable do-not-originate list. PRA comments are due Dec. 19, 2023.

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## Upcoming filing dates

- Oct. 24 – Replies due on BroadLife Communications' [petition](#) seeking to relinquish its eligible telecommunications carrier designation in Alabama. [public notice](#)
- Oct. 24 – Replies due on a request for authority to assign substantially all assets held by United Telephone Association in the South Englewood telephone exchange from United to Panhandle Telephone Cooperative. [public notice](#)



- Oct. 24 - Nominations due for six positions on the USAC board of directors for a three-year term. [public notice](#)
- Oct. 25 – Replies due on [NECA’s 2024 Modification of the Average Schedule Universal Service High Cost Loop Support Formula](#). [public notice](#)
- Oct. 26 – Replies due on the proposed eligible services list for the E-Rate Program for funding year 2024. [public notice](#)
- Oct. 30 – Comments due on a new computer matching program between the FCC and USAC and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to verify the eligibility of applicants to and subscribers of the Affordable Connectivity Program and Lifeline Program. [notice](#)
- Oct. 31 – Comments due on the proposed selection process and a potential extension of the contract under which iconectiv would remain the LNPA during the selection process. Replies are due Nov. 14, 2023. [public notice](#)
- Nov. 2 – Replies due on [previously granted](#) STIR/SHAKEN implementation extensions. [public notice](#)
- Nov. 3 – Comments due on an application by Consolidated Communications Enterprise Services for authorization to obtain North American Numbering Plan telephone numbers directly from the numbering administrator for its VoIP service. [public notice](#)
- Nov. 6 – PRA comments due on a new information collection on the [requirement](#) Enhanced A–CAM carriers implement operational cybersecurity and supply chain risk management plans by Jan. 1, 2024. [notice](#)
- Nov. 6 – PRA comments due on an extension of a currently approved information collection on disclosure of network information by Bell Operating Companies. [notice](#)
- Nov. 9 - PRA comments due on an extension of a currently approved information collection on ex parte presentations, pursuant to Section 1.1206 (Permit-but-Disclose Proceedings). [notice](#)
- Nov. 9 – PRA comments due on an extension of a currently approved collection on the CAF eligible locations adjustment process. [notice](#)
- Nov. 13 – Comments due on the New Hampshire Electric Cooperative’s [petition](#) seeking designation as a Lifeline-only eligible telecommunications carrier. Replies are due Nov. 27, 2023. [public notice](#)
- Nov. 14 – Replies due on the proposed selection process and a potential extension of the contract under which iconectiv would remain the LNPA during the selection process. [public notice](#)
- Nov. 20 – Nominations due on a new board member position on the board of directors of USAC to represent tribal communities for a three-year term. [public notice](#)

- Nov. 21 – Replies due on the [FNPRM](#) on the implementation of the 5G Fund for Rural America in light of new and precise mobile coverage data gathered through the Broadband Data Collection. [notice](#)
- Nov. 21 – Replies due on the Enhanced A-CAM [notice of inquiry](#). [notice](#)
- Nov. 27 – Replies due on the New Hampshire Electric Cooperative’s [petition](#) seeking designation as a Lifeline-only eligible telecommunications carrier. [public notice](#)
- Nov. 27 – Comments due on the possible revision or elimination of rules. Certain rules in Parts 36, 51, 52, 54, 61, 64 and 69 are included in this review. [notice](#)
- Dec. 11 - PRA comments due on an extension of currently approved collection on the application for Mobility Fund Phase I support (FCC Form 680). [notice](#)
- Dec. 11 - PRA comments due on an extension of a currently approved information collection on consumer broadband services testing and measurement. [notice](#)
- Dec. 11 - PRA comments due on an extension of a currently approved information collection regarding customer proprietary network information. [notice](#)
- Dec. 14 – Comments due on [petitions for reconsideration](#) of the 2020 [RIF remand order](#). Replies are due Jan. 17, 2024. [public notice](#)
- Dec. 14 – Comments due on the [NPRM](#) to reclassify broadband internet access service under Title II. Replies are due Jan. 17, 2024.
- Dec. 19 – PRA comments due on a new information collection on robotexts. [notice](#)
- Jan. 17 – Replies due on [petitions for reconsideration](#) of the 2020 [RIF remand order](#). [public notice](#)
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